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APPLICATION NO.	FII	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/618,067 07/11/2003		07/11/2003	Jifa Hao	90065.000701/17732.6357.0 4314		
34799	34799 7590 09/19/2005			EXAMINER		
THOMAS R 16 E. MAIN S		ERALD, ESQ.	GUERRERO, MARIA F			
ROCHESTER, NY 14614-1803			•	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				2022	2822	

DATE MAILED: 09/19/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			4				
		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/618,067	HAO ET AL.				
Office Action Summary		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Maria Guerrero	2822				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with th	e correspondence address				
WHI(- Exte after - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANSIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATI 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be fill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fr cause the application to become ABANDO	ON. timely filed om the mailing date of this communication. NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 05 Ju	<u>ıly 2005</u> .					
,	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.						
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11,	453 O.G. 213.				
Disposit	ion of Claims						
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)⊠	Claim(s) 14 and 20-26 is/are pending in the appear (a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 14 and 21-26 is/are rejected. Claim(s) 20,22 and 23 is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.					
Applicati	ion Papers						
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the Examiner The drawing(s) filed on <u>26 May 2005</u> is/are: a)[Applicant may not request that any objection to the ore Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 1.	☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to drawing(s) be held in abeyance. So on is required if the drawing(s) is	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prioric application from the International Bureau see the attached detailed Office action for a list of	have been received. have been received in Applicative documents have been received in Applicative documents have been received.	ation No ived in this National Stage				
2)	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)						
Pape	r No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This Office Action is in response to the Amendment filed July 5, 2005.

Status of Claims

2. Claims 1-13 and 15-19 are canceled. Claims 14 and 20-26 are pending.

Claim Objections

- 3. Claim 20 is objected to because of the following informalities: claim 20 recites: "a highly conductive material reacted from a metal and the polysilicon"; claim 14 recites: "a highly conductive material comprising a material reacted from a metal and the semiconductor substrate. Appropriate correction and clarification are required.
- 4. Claims 22-23 are objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c), as being of improper dependent form for failing to further limit the subject matter of a previous claim.

 Applicant is required to cancel the claim(s), or amend the claim(s) to place the claim(s) in proper dependent form, or rewrite the claim(s) in independent form. Claim 22 does not further limit the subject matter of claim 21. Claim 23 recites the power semiconductor device of claim 22 or 23.

Drawings

5. The drawings were received on May 26, 2005. These drawings are not acceptable because Figures 6-8 introduced new matter.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 24-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 24-26 recite the limitation: "the highly conductive source layer" in lines 2-

3. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 6. Claims 14 and 21-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Davari et al. (US 4,881,105).

Davari et al. teaches a semiconductor substrate, a source layer at one surface of the substrate and comprising a high concentration of a dopant of one polarity, and a well layer beneath the source layer doped with a dopant of opposite polarity (Fig. 1, col. 4, lines 25-35). Davari et al. shows a plurality of trenches lined with insulating material and penetrating the source layer filled with conductive material (Fig. 1, col. 4, lines 35-

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67, col. 6, lines 40-55). Davari et al. discloses a highly conductive layer on the surface of the source layer comprising a silicide (titanium silicide), an insulating layer (silicon oxide) on the highly conductive layer, vias filled with conductive material for contacting the highly conductive layer (Fig. 1, col. 4, lines 25-67, col. 6, lines 5-50).

Response to Arguments

- 7. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 21-26 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.
- 8. Applicant's arguments filed July 5, 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Claims 14 and 21-26 stand rejected.

Applicant argued that the vias in the Davari reference to not extend to the highly conductive layer. However, a person of ordinary skill in the art after reviewed the reference as whole would recognize that the vias are in fact extending or contacting to the highly conductive layer (see Fig. 1, 15,18, col. 4, lines 25-67, col. 6, lines 5-50). In addition, during examination, the claims must be interpreted as broadly as their terms reasonably allow. > In re American Academy of Science Tech Center, F.3d, 2004 WL 1067528 (Fed. Cir. May 13, 2004)(The USPTO uses a different standard for construing claims than that used by district courts; during examination the USPTO must give claims their broadest reasonable interpretation.) < This means that the words of the claim must be given their plain meaning unless applicant has provided a clear definition in the specification. In re Zletz, 893 F.2d 319, 321, 13 USPQ2d 1320, 1322 (Fed. Cir. 1989) >; Chef America, Inc. v. Lamb-Weston, Inc., 358 F.3d 1371, 1372, 69 USPQ2d

1857 (Fed. Cir. 2004). Therefore, the words: "extending to the highly conductive layer"; "for contacting the highly conductive layer" have been given their plain meaning.

Furthermore, "The use of patents as references is not limited to what the patentees describe as their own inventions or to the problems with which they are concerned. They are part of the literature of the art, relevant for all they contain." In re Heck, 699 F.2d 1331, 1332-33, 216 USPQ 1038, 1039 (Fed. Cir. 1983) (quoting In re Lemelson, 397 F.2d 1006, 1009, 158 USPQ 275, 277 (CCPA 1968)). A reference may be relied upon for all that it would have reasonably suggested to one having ordinary skill the art, including nonpreferred embodiments. Merck & Co. v. Biocraft Laboratories, 874 F.2d 804, 10 USPQ2d 1843 (Fed. Cir.), cert. denied, 493 U.S. 975 (1989). See also Celeritas Technologies Ltd. v. Rockwell International Corp., 150 F.3d 1354, 1361, 47 USPQ2d 1516, 1522-23 (Fed. Cir.1998).

In addition, a claim is anticipated only if each and every element as set forth in the claim is found, either expressly or inherently described, in a single prior art reference."

Verdegaal Bros. v. Union Oil Co. of California, 814 F.2d 628, 631, 2 USPQ2d 1051,

1053 (Fed. Cir. 1987). >"When a claim covers several structures or compositions, either generically or as alternatives, the claim is deemed anticipated if any of the structures or compositions within the scope of the claim is known in the prior art." Brown v. 3M, 265

F.3d 1349, 1351, 60 USPQ2d 1375, 1376 (Fed. Cir. 2001). See also MPEP § 2131.02.

Finally, the transitional term "comprising", which is synonymous with "including," "containing," or "characterized by," is inclusive or open-ended and does not exclude additional, unrecited elements or method steps. See, e.g., > Invitrogen Corp. v. Biocrest

Mfg., L.P., 327 F.3d 1364, 1368, 66 USPQ2d 1631, 1634 (Fed. Cir. 2003) ("The transition comprising" in a method claim indicates that the claim is open-ended and allows for additional steps."); < Genentech, Inc. v. Chiron Corp., 112 F.3d 495, 501, 42 USPQ2d 1608, 1613 (Fed. Cir. 1997) ("Comprising" is a term of art used in claim language which means that the named elements are essential, but other elements may be added and still form a construct within the scope of the claim.); Moleculon Research Corp. v. CBS, Inc., 793 F.2d 1261, 229 USPQ 805 (Fed. Cir. 1986); In re Baxter, 656 F.2d 679, 686, 210 USPQ 795, 803 (CCPA 1981); Ex parte Davis, 80 USPQ 448, 450 (Bd. App. 1948) ("comprising" leaves "the claim open for the inclusion of unspecified ingredients even in major amounts").

Regarding the limitation "for contacting", a recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim.

Conclusion

9. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within

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TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Maria Guerrero whose telephone number is 571-272-1837.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Amir Zarabian can be reached on 571-272-1852. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

MARIA F. GUERRERO

REMARY EXAMINER